

## — Kidney & Urinary Health

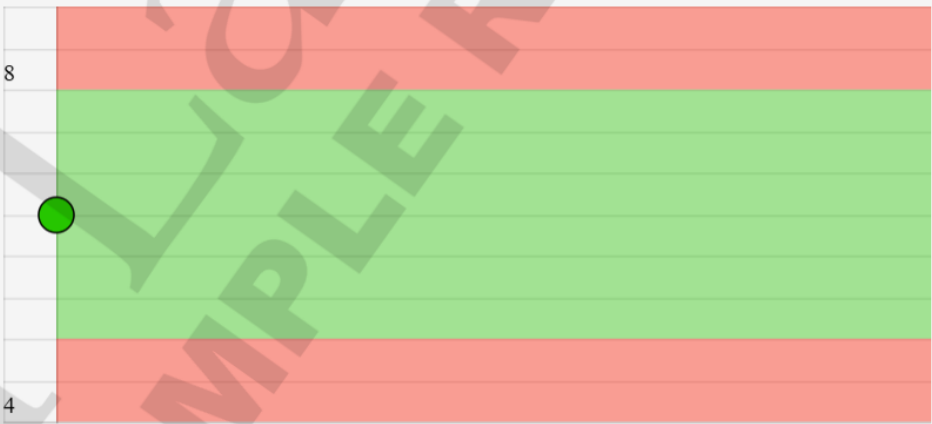
The kidney and urinary tract make up the urinary / renal system that cleanses the blood and rids the body of excess water and waste in the form of urine. The urinary tract consists of two kidneys, two ureters (one from each kidney), tubes that drain urine from the kidneys into the bladder (a storage sac), and the urethra. Muscles help control the release of urine from the bladder.

The kidneys receive blood from the aorta, filter it, and send it back to the heart with the right balance of chemicals and fluid for use throughout the body. The urine created by the kidneys is moved out of the body via the urinary tract.

The kidneys control the quantity and quality of fluids within the body. They also produce hormones and vitamins that direct cell activities in many organs; the hormone renin, for example, helps control blood pressure. When the kidneys are not working properly, waste products and fluid can build up to dangerous levels, creating a life-threatening situation. Among the important substances the kidneys help to control are sodium, potassium, chloride, bicarbonate ( $\text{HCO}_3^-$ ), pH, calcium, phosphorus, and magnesium.

Hide

### Kidney & Urinalysis

+ COLOR	<b>YELLOW</b>	Range: YELLOW
+ APPEARANCE	<b>CLEAR</b>	Range: CLEAR
+ SPECIFIC GRAVITY	<b>1.005</b>	Range: 1.001-1.035
- PH	<b>6.5</b>	Range: 5.0-8.0
<b>PH</b> Level of acid		
+ GLUCOSE	<b>NEGATIVE</b>	Range: NEGATIVE
+ KETONES	<b>NEGATIVE</b>	Range: NEGATIVE
+ OCCULT BLOOD	<b>NEGATIVE</b>	Range: NEGATIVE
+ PROTEIN	<b>NEGATIVE</b>	Range: NEGATIVE